



USE CASE

Data Migration

Trust boundaries are everywhere. Proactively remove threats from files moving from folder-to-folder or across a domain interface with Glasswall CDR (Content Disarm and Reconstruction).

Proactive protection across boundaries

The internet is the classic example of how information crosses multiple domains into and out of private networks. Trust boundaries are practically everywhere—when a file crosses a boundary, you need to be sure threats don't have room to hide.

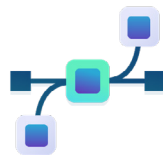
The Glasswall Cross Domain Plug-in provides a vital air-gap for files moving between trust boundaries,

whether they're inside your organization or across a public network. If you need to migrate or synchronize file transfers across two or more storage locations, Glasswall CDR ensures that threats can be removed as they transition from folder-to-folder or across a domain interface.

Key benefits



Glasswall CDR Platform is context agnostic about how the cross domain air-gap is established



Multiple connectors available to define how the Cross Domain Plug-in communicates with storage repositories before passing the file to the Glasswall CDR Platform for threat removal



Easily synchronize and sanitize files across different storage types



Key features

Connector support for multiple storage types and communication protocols, including:

- ✓ Amazon S3
- ✓ Box
- ✓ Dropbox
- ✓ FTP
- ✓ Google Cloud Storage
- ✓ Google Drive
- ✓ Google Photos
- ✓ HTTP
- ✓ Microsoft Azure Blob Storage
- ✓ Microsoft OneDrive
- ✓ Minio
- ✓ OpenDrive
- ✓ Oracle Cloud Storage
- ✓ put.io
- ✓ Rackspace Cloud Files
- ✓ SFTP
- ✓ WebDAV

How it works

Glasswall CDR technology instantly cleans and rebuilds files to match their known good manufacturer's specification – automatically removing potential threats. This simple approach ensures every file in your organization is safe, without sacrificing productivity



Inspect

files digital DNA



Clean

risky content (by policy)



Rebuild

to known good standard



Deliver

safe, visually identical file